H. B. 3019

(By Delegate Perry)

(By request of the Insurance Commissioner)

[Introduced February 7, 2011; referred to the Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §33-15-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §33-15F-1, §33-15F-2, §33-15F-3, §33-15F-4, §33-15F-5, §33-15F-6, §33-15F-7, §33-15F-8, §33-15F-9, §33-15F-10, §33-15F-11 and §33-15F-12; and to amend and reenact §33-16-1a of said code, all relating to federal health insurance reforms; incorporating the federal mandates of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010; defining terms; granting rulemaking authority; preventing health care insures from imposing additional charges for certain preventive benefits; preventing health care insures from imposing annual and lifetime benefits limits and providing exceptions; establishing provisions for provider networks; prohibiting health care insures from imposing preexisting condition exclusions for persons under nineteen; permitting eligibility for dependent children to the age of twenty-six

1 with conditions; and establishing review and appeal rights.
2 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*
3 That §33-15-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
4 be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding
5 thereto a new article, designated §33-15F-1, §33-15F-2, §33-15F-3,
6 §33-15F-4, §33-15F-5, §33-15F-6, §33-15F-7, §33-15F-8, §33-15F-9,
7 §33-15F-10, §33-15F-11 and §33-15F-12; and that §33-16-1a of said
8 code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
9 **ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.**
10 **§33-15-2. Scope and format of policy.**
11 No policy of accident and sickness insurance shall be
12 delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state
13 unless:
14 (a) The entire money and other considerations therefor are
15 expressed therein; and
16 (b) The time at which the insurance takes effect and
17 terminates is expressed therein; and
18 (c) It purports to insure only one person, except that a
19 policy may insure, originally or by subsequent amendment upon the
20 application of an adult member of a family who shall be deemed the
21 policyholder, any two or more eligible members of that family,
22 including husband, wife, dependent children or any children under
23 a specified age which shall ~~not exceed nineteen~~ <u>not be less than</u>
24 <u>twenty-five years</u> and any other person dependent upon the
25 policyholder: <u>*Provided*, That for purposes of this subsection, if</u>
26 <u>a policy provides coverage for dependent children, “children” shall</u>

1 include any naturally born child, adopted child, stepchild, child
2 of whom the policyholder is the legal guardian, and a child for
3 whom the policyholder is under court order to provide healthcare
4 benefits; and
5 (d) The policy is guaranteed to be renewable at the option of
6 the insured except as provided in section two-d of this article;
7 and
8 (e) The style, arrangement and over-all appearance of the
9 policy give no undue prominence to any portion of the text, and
10 unless every printed portion of the text of the policy and of any
11 endorsements or attached papers is plainly printed in light-faced
12 type of a style in general use, the size of which shall be uniform
13 and not less than ten-point with a lowercase unspaced alphabet
14 length not less than one hundred and twenty-point (the "text" shall
15 include all printed matter except the name and address of the
16 insurer, name or title of the policy, the brief description, if
17 any, and captions and subcaptions), the policy shall clearly
18 indicate on the first page the conditions of renewability; and
19 (f) The exceptions and reductions of indemnity are set forth
20 in the policy and, except those which are set forth in sections
21 four and five of this article, are printed, at the insurer's
22 option, either included with the benefit provisions to which they
23 apply, or under an appropriate caption such as "Exceptions," or
24 "Exceptions and Reductions": *Provided,* That if an exception or
25 reduction specifically applies only to a particular benefit of the
26 policy, a statement of such exception or reduction shall be

1 included with the benefit provision to which it applies; and
2 (g) Each such form, including riders and endorsements, shall
3 be identified by a form number in the lower left-hand corner of the
4 first part thereof; and
5 (h) It contains no provision purporting to make any portion of
6 the charter, rules, Constitution, or bylaws of the insurer a part
7 of the policy unless such portion is set forth in full in the
8 policy, except in the case of the incorporation of, or reference
9 to, a statement of rates or classification of risks, or short-rate
10 table filed with the commissioner; and
11 (i) Effective the July 1, 1997, the insurer offers and accepts
12 for enrollment pursuant to section two-b of this article every
13 eligible individual who applies for coverage within sixty-three
14 days after termination of the individual's prior creditable
15 coverage.
16 **ARTICLE 15F. REFORMS UNDER THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE**
17 **CARE ACT.**
18 **§33-15F-1. Purpose.**
19 Although the regulation of private health insurance markets
20 has historically been the province of state regulators, the Patient
21 Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, P.L. 111-148, as
22 amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of
23 2010, P.L. 111-152, includes new federal mandates affecting health
24 insurers that may also be enforced by states with sufficient
25 statutory authority to do so. In order to preserve, to the
26 greatest extent possible, state regulatory control consonant with

1 these new federal laws, this article incorporates many of the
2 substantive reforms into the state insurance code and provides the
3 Insurance Commissioner with sufficient flexibility to meet
4 additional changes to federal laws through rulemaking and other
5 regulatory measures.
6 **§33-15F-2. Definitions of terms in this article.**
7 For the purposes of this article:
8 (a) "Adverse determination" means:
9 (1) A determination by a health carrier or its designee
10 utilization review organization that, based upon the information
11 provided, a request for a benefit under the health carrier's health
12 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique
13 does not meet the health carrier's requirements for medical
14 necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care or
15 effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or
16 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied,
17 reduced or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in whole
18 or in part, for the benefit;
19 (2) The denial, reduction, termination or failure to provide
20 or make payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit based on a
21 determination by a health carrier or its designee utilization
22 review organization of a covered person's eligibility to
23 participate in the health carrier's health benefit plan; or
24 (3) Any prospective review or retrospective review
25 determination that denies, reduces or terminates or fails to
26 provide or make payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit.

1 (4) "Adverse determination" includes a rescission of coverage
2 determination.
3 (b) "Ambulatory review" means utilization review of health
4 care services performed or provided in an outpatient setting.
5 (c) "Authorized representative" means:
6 (1) A person to whom a covered person has given express
7 written consent to represent the covered person for purposes of
8 this article;
9 (2) A person authorized by law to provide substituted consent
10 for a covered person;
11 (3) A family member of the covered person or the covered
12 person's treating health care professional when the covered person
13 is unable to provide consent;
14 (4) A health care professional when the covered person's
15 health benefit plan requires that a request for a benefit under the
16 plan be initiated by the health care professional; or
17 (5) In the case of an urgent care request, a health care
18 professional with knowledge of the covered person's medical
19 condition.
20 (d) "Case management" means a coordinated set of activities
21 conducted for individual patient management of serious,
22 complicated, protracted or other health conditions.
23 (e) "Certification" means a determination by a health carrier
24 or its designee utilization review organization that a request for
25 a benefit under the health carrier's health benefit plan has been
26 reviewed and, based on the information provided, satisfies the

health carrier's requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care and effectiveness.

(f) "Child" includes any naturally born child, adopted child, stepchild, child of whom the policyholder is the legal guardian, and a child for whom the policyholder is under court order to provide healthcare benefits.

(g) "Clinical peer" means a physician or other health care professional who holds a nonrestricted license in a state of the United States and in the same or similar specialty as typically manages the medical condition, procedure or treatment under review.

(h) "Clinical review criteria" means the written screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols and practice guidelines used by the health carrier to determine the medical necessity and appropriateness of health care services.

(i) "Closed plan" means a managed care plan that requires covered persons to use participating providers under the terms of the managed care plan.

(j) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia Insurance Commissioner.

(k) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during a patient's stay or course of treatment in a facility, the office of a health care professional or other inpatient or outpatient health care setting.

(l) "Covered benefits or benefits" means those health care services to which a covered person is entitled under the terms of

1 a health benefit plan.

2 (m) "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber,
3 enrollee or other individual participating in a health benefit
4 plan.

5 (n) "Discharge planning" means the formal process for
6 determining, prior to discharge from a facility, the coordination
7 and management of the care that a patient receives following
8 discharge from a facility.

9 (o) "Educated health care consumer" means an individual who is
10 knowledgeable about the health care system, and has background or
11 experience in making informed decisions regarding health, medical
12 and scientific matters.

13 (p) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition
14 manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity,
15 including severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, who possesses
16 an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably
17 expect that the absence of immediate medical attention would result
18 in serious impairment to bodily functions or serious dysfunction of
19 a bodily organ or part, or would place the person's health or, with
20 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn
21 child, in serious jeopardy.

22 (q) "Emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency
23 medical condition:

24 (1) A medical screening examination that is within the
25 capability of the emergency department of a hospital, including
26 ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department

1 to evaluate such emergency medical condition; and
2 (2) Such further medical examination and treatment, to the
3 extent they are within the capability of the staff and facilities
4 available at a hospital, to stabilize a patient.
5 (r) "Essential health benefits" has the meaning under section
6 1302(b) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and
7 applicable regulations and include:
8 (1) Ambulatory patient services;
9 (2) Emergency services;
10 (3) Hospitalization;
11 (4) Laboratory services;
12 (5) Maternity and newborn care;
13 (6) Mental health and substance abuse disorder services,
14 including behavioral health treatment;
15 (7) Pediatric services, including oral and vision care;
16 (8) Prescription drugs;
17 (9) Preventive and wellness services and chronic disease
18 management; and
19 (10) Rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices.
20 (s) "Exchange" means the West Virginia Health Benefits
21 Exchange established pursuant to section four, article sixteen-g of
22 this chapter.
23 (t) "Facility" means an institution providing health care
24 services or a health care setting, including, but not limited to,
25 hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory surgical
26 or treatment centers, skilled nursing centers, residential

1 treatment centers, diagnostic, laboratory and imaging centers, and
2 rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings.
3 (u) "Federal Act" means the federal Patient Protection and
4 Affordable Care Act, P.L. 111-148, as amended by the federal Health
5 Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152),
6 and any amendments thereto, or regulations or guidance issued
7 under, those Acts.
8 (v) "Final adverse determination" means an adverse
9 determination that has been upheld by the health carrier at the
10 completion of the internal appeals process or with respect to which
11 the internal appeals process has been deemed exhausted in
12 accordance with.
13 (w) "Grievance" means a written complaint or oral complaint if
14 the complaint involves an urgent care request submitted by or on
15 behalf of a covered person regarding:
16 (1) Availability, delivery or quality of health care services,
17 including a complaint regarding an adverse determination made
18 pursuant to utilization review;
19 (2) Claims payment, handling or reimbursement for health care
20 services; or
21 (3) Matters pertaining to the contractual relationship between
22 a covered person and a health carrier.
23 (x) "Group health insurance coverage" means, in connection
24 with a group health plan, health insurance coverage offered in
25 connection with such plan.
26 (y) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan

as defined in Section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) to the extent that the plan provides medical care, and including items and services paid for as medical care to employees, including both current and former employees, or their dependents as defined under the terms of the plan directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or otherwise.

(z) "Health benefit plan" includes the same policies described in section one-b, article sixteen of this chapter as the policies to which said article is applicable.

(aa) "Health care professional" means a physician or other health care practitioner licensed, accredited or certified to perform specified health care services consistent with state law.

(bb) "Health care provider" or "provider" means a health care professional or a facility.

(cc) "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a health condition, illness, injury or disease.

(dd) "Health carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance laws and regulations of this state, or subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner, that contracts or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for or reimburse any of the costs of health care services, including a sickness and accident insurance company, a health maintenance organization, a nonprofit hospital and health service corporation, or any other entity providing a plan of health insurance, health benefits or health care services.

1 (ee) "Health indemnity plan" means a health benefit plan that
2 is not a managed care plan.
3 (ff) "Health maintenance organization" means a person that
4 undertakes to provide or arrange for the delivery of basic health
5 care services to covered persons on a prepaid basis, except for the
6 covered person's responsibility for copayments, coinsurance or
7 deductibles.
8 (gg)"Individual health insurance coverage" means health
9 insurance coverage offered to individuals in the individual market,
10 but does not include short-term limited duration insurance:
11 *Provided*, That a health carrier offering health insurance coverage
12 in connection with a group health plan shall not be deemed to be a
13 health carrier offering individual health insurance coverage solely
14 because the carrier offers a conversion policy.
15 (hh) "Individual market" means the market for health insurance
16 coverage offered to individuals other than in connection with a
17 group health plan.
18 (ii) "Managed care plan" means a health benefit plan that
19 either requires a covered person to use, or creates incentives,
20 including financial incentives, for a covered person to use health
21 care providers managed, owned, under contract with or employed by
22 the health carrier.
23 (jj) "Medical care" means amounts paid for:
24 (1) The diagnosis, care, mitigation, treatment or prevention
25 of disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of affecting any
26 structure or function of the body;

(2) Transportation primarily for and essential to medical care referred to in paragraph(1); and

(3) Insurance covering medical care referred to in subdivision (1) and (2) of this subsection.

(kk) "Network" means the group of participating providers providing services to a managed care plan.

(ll) "Open enrollment" means, with respect to individual health insurance coverage, the period of time during which any individual has the opportunity to apply for coverage under a health benefit plan offered by a health carrier and shall be accepted for coverage under the plan without regard to a preexisting condition.

(mm) "Open plan" means a managed care plan other than a closed plan that provides incentives, including financial incentives, for covered persons to use participating providers under the terms of the managed care plan.

(nn) "Participant" has the meaning given for such term under Section 3(7) of ERISA.

(oo) "Participating health care professional" means a health care professional who, under a contract with the health carrier or with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to covered persons with an expectation of receiving payment, other than coinsurance, copayments or deductibles, directly or indirectly from the health carrier.

(pp) "Participating provider" means a provider who, under a contract with the health carrier or with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to

1 covered persons with an expectation of receiving payment, other
2 than coinsurance, copayments or deductibles, directly or indirectly
3 from the health carrier.
4 (qq) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a
5 partnership, an association, a joint venture, a joint stock
6 company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any similar
7 entity or any combination of the foregoing.
8 (rr) "Preexisting condition exclusion" means a limitation or
9 exclusion of benefits, including a denial of coverage, based on the
10 fact that the condition was present before the effective date of
11 coverage, or if the coverage is denied, the date of denial, under
12 a health benefit plan whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis,
13 care or treatment was recommended or received before the effective
14 date of coverage; such term also includes any limitation or
15 exclusion of benefits, including a denial of coverage, applicable
16 to an individual as a result of information relating to an
17 individual's health status before the individual's effective date
18 of coverage, or if the coverage is denied, the date of denial,
19 under the health benefit plan, such as a condition identified as a
20 result of a preenrollment questionnaire or physical examination
21 given to the individual, or review of medical records relating to
22 the preenrollment period.
23 (ss) "Primary care health care professional" means a health
24 care professional designated by a covered person to supervise,
25 coordinate or provide initial care or continuing care to the
26 covered person, and who may be required by the health carrier to

1 initiate a referral for specialty care and maintain supervision of
2 health care services rendered to the covered person.
3 (tt) "Prospective review" means utilization review conducted
4 prior to an admission or the provision of a health care service or
5 a course of treatment in accordance with a health carrier's
6 requirement that the health care service or course of treatment, in
7 whole or in part, be approved prior to its provision.
8 (uu) "Qualified health plan" means a health benefit plan that
9 has in effect a certification that the plan meets the criteria for
10 certification fro sale within a health benefits exchange.
11 (vv) "Qualified individual" means an individual, including a
12 minor, who:
13 (1) Is seeking to enroll in a qualified health plan offered to
14 individuals through the West Virginia Health Benefits Exchange;
15 (2) Resides in this state;
16 (3) At the time of enrollment, is not incarcerated, other than
17 incarceration pending the disposition of charges; and
18 (4) Is, and is reasonably expected to be, for the entire
19 period for which enrollment is sought, a citizen or national of the
20 United States or an alien lawfully present in the United States.
21 (ww) "Rescission" means a cancellation or discontinuance of
22 coverage under a health benefit plan that has a retroactive effect:
23 *Provided,* That rescission does not include a cancellation or
24 discontinuance of coverage has only a prospective effect or the
25 cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is effective
26 retroactively to the extent it is attributable to a failure to

1 timely pay required premiums or contributions towards the cost of
2 coverage.
3 (xx) "Retrospective review" means any review of a request for
4 a benefit that is not a prospective review request*: Provided*, That
5 such term does not include the review of a claim that is limited to
6 veracity of documentation or accuracy of coding.
7 (yy) "Second opinion" means an opportunity or requirement to
8 obtain a clinical evaluation by a provider other than the one
9 originally making a recommendation for a proposed health care
10 service to assess the medical necessity and appropriateness of the
11 initial proposed health care service.
12 (zz) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Federal Department
13 of Health and Human Services.
14 (aaa) "SHOP Exchange" means the Small Business Health Options
15 Program established under section six, article sixteen-q of this
16 chapter.
17 (bbb) (1) "Small employer" means an employer that employed an
18 average of not more than fifty employees during the preceding
19 calendar year.
20 (2) For purposes of this subsection:
21 (A) All persons treated as a single employer under Section
22 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall
23 be treated as a single employer;
24 (B) An employer and any predecessor employer shall be treated
25 as a single employer;
26 (C) All employees shall be counted, including part-time

1 employees and employees who are not eligible for coverage through
2 the employer;
3 (D) If an employer was not in existence throughout the
4 preceding calendar year, the determination of whether that employer
5 is a small employer shall be based on the average number of
6 employees that is reasonably expected that employer will employ on
7 business days in the current calendar year; and
8 (E) An employer that makes enrollment in qualified health
9 plans available to its employees through the Small Business Health
10 Options Program, and would cease to be a small employer by reason
11 of an increase in the number of its employees, shall continue to be
12 treated as a small employer for purposes of this article as long as
13 it continuously makes enrollment through the SHOP Exchange
14 available to its employees.
15 (ccc) "Stabilized" means, with respect to an emergency medical
16 condition, that no material deterioration of the condition is
17 likely, within reasonable medical probability, to result from or
18 occur transferred during the transfer of the individual from a
19 facility or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the woman has
20 delivered, including the placenta.
21 (ddd) "Subscriber" means, in the case of individual health
22 insurance contract, the person in whose name the contract is
23 issued.
24 (eee) (1) "Urgent care request" means a request for a health
25 care service or course of treatment with respect to which the time
26 periods for making a nonurgent care request determination:

1 (A) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the
2 covered person or the ability of the covered person to regain
3 maximum function; or
4 (B) In the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the
5 covered person's medical condition, would subject the covered
6 person to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the
7 health care service or treatment that is the subject of the
8 request.
9 (2) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (B) of this
10 subdivision, in determining whether a request is be treated as an
11 urgent care request, an individual acting on behalf of the health
12 carrier shall apply the judgment of a prudent layperson who
13 possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine.
14 (B) Any request that a physician with knowledge of the covered
15 person’s medical condition determines is an urgent care request
16 within the meaning of Paragraph (1) shall be treated as an urgent
17 care request.
18 (fff) “Utilization review” means a set of formal techniques
19 designed to monitor the use of, or evaluate the medical necessity,
20 appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of, health care services,
21 procedures, or settings. Techniques may include ambulatory review,
22 prospective review, second opinion, certification, concurrent
23 review, case management, discharge planning or retrospective
24 review.
25 (ggg) “Utilization review organization” means an entity that
26 conducts utilization review, other than a health carrier performing

utilization review for its own health benefit plans.

§33-15F-3. Applicability; interpretive standards; effect of invalid federal laws.

(a) Except to the extent otherwise specifically provided herein, in rules promulgated hereunder or in other regulatory guidance, the provisions of this article shall be effective with respect to policies in force on or after the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2011 regular session of the Legislature.

(b) The provisions of this article shall, to the greatest extent possible consistent with the laws of this state, be construed in accordance with relevant federal statutes, regulations and other sources of guidance issued by federal agencies: *Provided*, That to the extent the applicability of a provision of the federal act is limited to grandfathered plans, as that term is defined in the federal act and regulations promulgated thereunder, the corresponding provisions of this article shall be similarly limited to such plans.

(c) The provisions of this article control whenever there is a conflict with a provision elsewhere in this code: *Provided*, That in the event any portion of the federal act or of any regulation or other guidance issued thereunder is legislatively or judicially invalidated and rendered of no effect in this state, the corresponding provisions of such act, regulation or guidance as set forth in this article or in rules promulgated hereunder shall likewise be considered to be of no further effect, and the

1 Insurance Commissioner shall immediately issue an informational
2 letter setting forth his or her legal opinion as to the effect of
3 such legislative or judicial action on the regulation of the health
4 insurance market in this state and on the continuing validity of
5 the provisions of this article and any rules promulgated hereunder.
6 **§33-15F-4. Rulemaking authority.**
7 The commissioner has authority to adopt emergency rules and to
8 propose rules for legislative approval, pursuant to chapter twenty-
9 nine-a of this code, to effectuate or implement this article as
10 well as any provision of the federal act and related federal laws
11 related to healthcare reforms, and such rulemaking authority is not
12 limited to the subjects expressly addressed by this article.
13 **§33-15F-5. Preventive benefits.**
14 (a) A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering
15 group or individual health insurance coverage shall, at a minimum,
16 provide coverage for and shall not impose any cost sharing
17 requirements for the following, as certified by the commissioner
18 and set forth in rule:
19 (1) Evidence-based items or services that have in effect a
20 rating of 'A' or 'B' in the current recommendations of the United
21 States Preventive Services Task Force;
22 (2) Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation from
23 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for
24 Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the individual
25 involved; and
26 (3) With respect to infants, children, and adolescents,

1 evidence-informed preventive care and screenings provided for in
2 the comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and
3 Services Administration;
4 (4) With respect to women, such additional preventive care and
5 screenings not described in subdivision (1) of this subsection as
6 provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health
7 Resources and Services Administration for purposes of this
8 paragraph.
9 **§33-15F-6. Annual and lifetime limits.**
10 A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering
11 group or individual health insurance coverage may not establish
12 lifetime or annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for any
13 participant or beneficiary: *Provided,* That a group health plan or
14 health insurance coverage may place annual or lifetime per
15 beneficiary limits on specific covered benefits that are not
16 essential health benefits to the extent that such limits are
17 otherwise permitted: *Provided, however*, That the commissioner may
18 establish by rule restricted annual limits on the dollar value of
19 benefits for any participant or beneficiary with respect to the
20 scope of benefits that are essential health benefits for plan years
21 beginning prior to January 1, 2014.
22 **§33-15F-7. Rescissions.**
23 Section seven, article six of this chapter applies to all
24 health benefit plans.
25 **§33-15F-8. Medical loss ratios; reporting not required.**
26 The reporting requirements contained in section one-b, article

fifteen and subsection (g), section five, article sixteen-d of this chapter are not applicable to any carrier that is subject to similar reporting with respect to greater loss ratios mandated by the federal act and regulations promulgated thereunder.

§33-15F-9. Provider network provisions;

(a) If a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage, requires or provides for designation by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary care provider, then the plan or issuer shall permit each participant, beneficiary, and enrollee to designate any participating primary care provider who is available to accept such individual and, in the case of a person who has a child who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, if the plan or issuer requires or provides for the designation of a participating primary care provider for the child, the plan or issuer shall permit such person to designate an allopathic or osteopathic physician who specializes in pediatrics as the child's primary care provider if such provider participates in the network of the plan or issuer: *Provided,* That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms and conditions of the plan or health insurance coverage with respect to coverage of pediatric care.

(b) If a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance issuer, provides or covers any benefits with respect to services in an emergency department of a hospital, the plan or issuer shall cover emergency

1 services without the need for any prior authorization
2 determination, and such services shall be provided: (1) Regardless
3 of whether the health care provider furnishing such services is a
4 participating provider with respect to such services; and (2)
5 subject to the same cost-sharing provisions and other terms of
6 coverage regardless of whether the provider is in the network.
7 (c) A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering
8 group or individual health insurance coverage may not require
9 authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or any person
10 (including a primary care provider) in the case of a female
11 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who seeks coverage for
12 obstetrical or gynecological care provided by a participating
13 health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or
14 gynecology: *Provided,* That such professional shall agree to
15 otherwise adhere to such plan's or issuer's policies and
16 procedures, including procedures regarding referrals and obtaining
17 prior authorization and providing services pursuant to any
18 treatment plan approved by the plan or issuer.
19 **§33-15F-10. Prohibition on preexisting condition exclusions for**
20 **individuals under the age of nineteen.**
21 (a) A health carrier shall not limit or exclude coverage under
22 an individual health insurance health benefit plan for an
23 individual under the age of nineteen by imposing a preexisting
24 condition exclusion on that individual: *Provided,* That health
25 carriers may hold one or more open enrollment periods during which
26 children may be enrolled on a guaranteed issue basis: *Provided,*

1 *however,* That an individual under the age of nineteen may not be
2 denied coverage on the basis of a preexisting condition outside an
3 open enrollment period if he or she has lost coverage due to a
4 qualifying event such as employer termination of a contribution for
5 dependent coverage or other situations defined in rule.
6 (b) Each health carrier shall provide prior prominent public
7 notice on its Internet website and prior written notice to each of
8 its policyholders annually at least ninety days before any open
9 enrollment period of the open enrollment rights for individuals
10 under the age of nineteen and provide information as to how an
11 individual eligible for this open enrollment right may apply for
12 coverage with the carrier during an open enrollment period.
13 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this section or in rules
14 adopted hereunder, this section applies to grandfathered plan
15 coverage for group health insurance coverage and does not apply to
16 grandfathered plan coverage for individual health insurance
17 coverage.
18 **§33-15F-11. Review and appeal rights.**
19 (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules, including emergency
20 rules, to set forth minimum requirements for utilization review and
21 management, grievance and external review processes to be adopted
22 by health plans.
23 (b) Every health plan shall have in effect provisions ensuring
24 for appropriate grievance and external review procedures to apply
25 to adverse determinations.
26 **§33-15F-12. Eligibility for dependent coverage to age twenty-six.**

1 (a) A health carrier that makes available dependent coverage
2 of children shall make that coverage available for children until
3 attainment of twenty-six years of age, regardless of the child's
4 marital status, residency, or lack of dependency on the primary
5 subscriber or plan participant: *Provided,* That any child who is
6 not covered because he or she had lost coverage or had been denied
7 coverage on the basis of age shall be afforded written notice of
8 eligibility to enroll and at least thirty days to apply for such
9 coverage: *Provided, however,* That such notice may be provided to
10 an employee on behalf of the employee's child and, in the
11 individual market, to the primary subscriber on behalf of the
12 primary subscriber's child: *Provided further,* That for plan years
13 beginning before January 1, 2014, a group health plan providing
14 group health insurance coverage that is a grandfathered plan and
15 makes available dependent coverage of children may exclude an adult
16 child who has not attained twenty-six years of age from coverage
17 only if the adult child is eligible to enroll in an eligible
18 employer-sponsored health benefit plan.

19 **ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.**

20 **§33-16-1a. Definitions.**

21 As used in this article:

22 (a) "Bona fide association" means an association which has
23 been actively in existence for at least five years; has been formed
24 and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
25 insurance; does not condition membership in the association on any
26 health status-related factor relating to an individual; makes

1 accident and sickness insurance offered through the association
2 available to all members regardless of any health status-related
3 factor relating to members or individuals eligible for coverage
4 through a member; does not make accident and sickness insurance
5 coverage offered through the association available other than in
6 connection with a member of the association; and meets any
7 additional requirements as may be set forth in this chapter or by
8 rule.

9 (b) "Child" means any of the following:

10 (1) A naturally born child, adopted child or stepchild of the
11 eligible employee;

12 (2) A child for whom the eligible employee is the legal
13 guardian; or

14 (3) A child for whom the eligible employee is under court
15 order to provide health coverage.

16 ~~(b)~~ (c) "Commissioner" means the ~~Commissioner of Insurance~~
17 West Virginia Insurance Commissioner.

18 ~~(c)~~ (d) "Creditable coverage" means, with respect to an
19 individual, coverage of the individual after June 30, 1996, under
20 any of the following, other than coverage consisting solely of
21 excepted benefits:

22 (1) A group health plan;

23 (2) A health benefit plan;

24 (3) Medicare Part A or Part B, 42 U. S. C. § 1395 et seq.;
25 Medicaid, 42 U. S. C. § 1396a et seq. (other than coverage
26 consisting solely of benefits under Section 1928 of the Social

Security Act); Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS), 10 U. S. C., Chapter 55; and a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization;

(4) A health benefits risk pool sponsored by any state of the United States or by the District of Columbia; a health plan offered under 5 U. S. C., chapter 89; a public health plan as defined in regulations promulgated by the federal secretary of health and human services; or a health benefit plan as defined in the Peace Corps Act, 22 U. S. C. § 2504(e).

~~(d)~~ (e) "Dependent" means an eligible employee's spouse or any dependent unmarried child ~~or stepchild~~ under the age of twenty-five ~~if that child or stepchild meets the definition of a "qualifying child" or a "qualifying relative" in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code~~.

~~(e)~~ (f) "Eligible employee" means an employee, including an individual who either works or resides in this state, who meets all requirements for enrollment in a health benefit plan.

~~(f)~~ (g) "Excepted benefits" means:

(1) Any policy of liability insurance or contract supplemental thereto; coverage only for accident or disability income insurance or any combination thereof; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; workers' compensation insurance; or other similar insurance under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits; or

(2) If offered separately, a policy providing benefits for

1 long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, community-
2 based care or any combination thereof, dental or vision benefits or
3 other similar, limited benefits; or

4 (3) If offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits under
5 separate policies or certificates, specified disease or illness
6 coverage, hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance, or
7 coverage, such as Medicare supplement insurance, supplemental to a
8 group health plan; or

9 (4) A policy of accident and sickness insurance covering a
10 period of less than one year.

11 ~~(g)~~ (h) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit
12 plan, including a church plan or a governmental plan, all as
13 defined in section three of the Employee Retirement Income Security
14 Act of 1974, 29 U. S. C. § 1003, to the extent that the plan
15 provides medical care.

16 ~~(h)~~ (i) "Health benefit plan" means benefits consisting of
17 medical care provided directly, through insurance or reimbursement,
18 or indirectly, including items and services paid for as medical
19 care, under any hospital or medical expense incurred policy or
20 certificate; hospital, medical or health service corporation
21 contract; health maintenance organization contract; or plan
22 provided by a multiple-employer trust or a multiple-employer
23 welfare arrangement. "Health benefit plan" does not include
24 excepted benefits.

25 ~~(i)~~ (j) "Health insurer" means an entity licensed by the
26 commissioner to transact accident and sickness in this state and

1 subject to this chapter. "Health insurer" does not include a group
2 health plan.
3 ~~(j)~~ (k) "Health status-related factor" means an individual's
4 health status, medical condition (including both physical and
5 mental illnesses), claims experience, receipt of health care,
6 medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability
7 (including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence) or
8 disability.
9 ~~(k)~~ *(l)* "Medical care" means amounts paid for, or paid for
10 insurance covering, the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or
11 prevention of disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of affecting
12 any structure or function of the body, including amounts paid for
13 transportation primarily for and essential to such care.
14 ~~*(l)*~~ (m) "Mental health benefits" means benefits with respect
15 to mental health services, as defined under the terms of a group
16 health plan or a health benefit plan offered in connection with the
17 group health plan.
18 ~~(m)~~ (n)"Network plan" means a health benefit plan under which
19 the financing and delivery of medical care are provided, in whole
20 or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with
21 the health insurer.
22 ~~(n)~~ (o)"Preexisting condition exclusion" means, with respect
23 to a health benefit plan, a limitation or exclusion of benefits
24 relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was
25 present before the enrollment date for such coverage, whether or
26 not any medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was

1 recommended or received before the enrollment date.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to incorporate the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 into the insurance code. The bill defines terms and grants rulemaking authority. The bill prevents health care insures from imposing additional charges for certain preventive benefits and prevents health care insures from imposing annual and lifetime benefits limits and providing exceptions. The bill also establishes provisions for provider networks. The bill prohibiting health insures from imposing preexisting condition exclusions for persons under nineteen. The bill further permits eligibility for dependent children to the age of twenty-six with conditions. The bill also establishes review and appeal rights.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

§33-15F-1, §33-15F-2, §33-15F-3, §33-15F-4, §33-15F-5, §33-15F-6, §33-15F-7, §33-15F-8, §33-15F-9, §33-15F-10, §33-15F-11 and §33-15F-12 are new; therefore, it has been completely underscored.